

Comprehensive Cancer Control National Partnership Survey Brief, 2019

Comprehensive Cancer Control Programs and Coalitions Training and Technical Assistance Needs

This brief provides an overview of Comprehensive Cancer Control (CCC) Programs and Coalitions activities to advance comprehensive cancer control across states, tribe/tribal organizations, territories, and U.S. Pacific Island Jurisdictions. It also highlights potential areas for training and technical assistance support.

SUMMARY

Overview

The American Cancer Society (ACS), in collaboration with the Comprehensive Cancer Control National Partnership (CCNPP), conducted an online survey of comprehensive cancer control (CCC) programs and coalitions in April 2019. The 130 survey respondents represent CCC program directors and/or coordinators (48%), CCC coalition leadership and key stakeholders (19%), and ACS state and primary care managers (33%).

BY THE NUMBERS

61 states, tribes/tribal organizations, and US territories/Pacific Island jurisdictions participated (n=50, 6, and 5, respectively).

59% of CCC coalitions are staffed or “run out of” state health department CCC programs, **21%** are formal nonprofit organizations, and **10%** have an informal stand-alone entity.

The **most common priority areas for cancer plan implementation** include:

HPV vaccination (59%), colorectal cancer screening (58%), survivorship (41%), cancer disparities (24%), tobacco control (22%), and breast and cervical cancer screening (21%).

- On average, **75%** are implementing policy, health systems, or environmental changes across these priority areas (range: 62%-85%).

EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTIONS (EBIs) TRAINING REQUESTS (%)

Implementation of evidence-based practices and programs can improve cancer screening and health outcomes

67

Find and secure additional resources.

45

Engage key partners.

38

Assess/use existing resources.

29

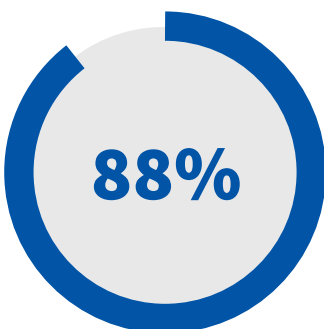
Develop implementation and evaluation plan.

28

Adapt EBI and its material for cultural appropriateness.

Pilot test an EBI with intended audience.

COMMON EVIDENCE-BASED INTERVENTION CHALLENGES



Reporting at least 1 challenge to implementing evidence-based interventions (EBIs)



71%

Funding (implementation, materials adaptation, development/testing interventions)



49%

Designing or implementing robust evaluation



36%

Adapting EBIs for target populations



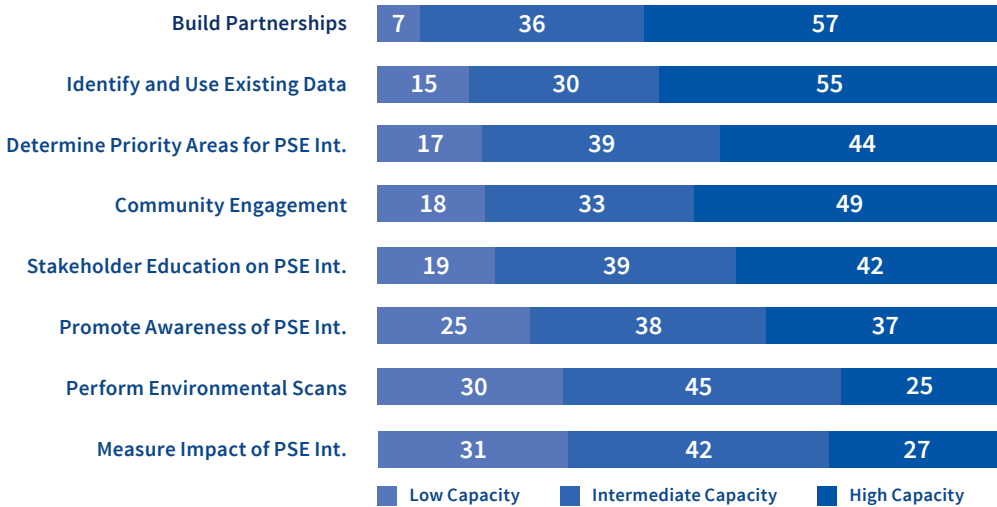
33%

Obtaining community buy-in

A Closer Look at Coalitions

COALITIONS COLLABORATING TO IMPLEMENT COMPREHENSIVE CANCER CONTROL

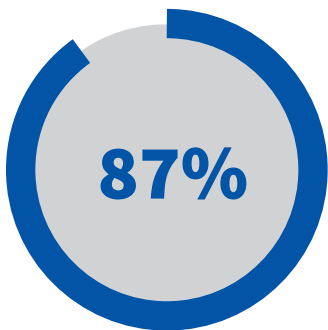
Have the capacity to engage but need support for PSE Interventions(%)



Areas of Need

- 46%** IMPROVE COALITION FUNCTION
- 41%** ENGAGE KEY PARTNERS
- 28%** COORDINATE EFFORTS IDENTIFY/IMPLEMENT PSE APPROACHES
- 26%** UPDATE CCC PLAN

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (TTA) APPROACHES



Request at least 1 TTA approach



71%

Linkages to other CCC coalitions



57%

Implementation resources and tools



54%

In person TTA workshops



49%

On-site tailored TTA from national experts



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ACS Comprehensive Cancer Control Initiatives

The ACS CCC Initiatives team offers training and technical assistance to all 65 state, tribe/tribal organization, territory, US Pacific Island jurisdiction programs and coalitions within the CDC's National Comprehensive Cancer Control Program. The ACS CCC Initiatives team seeks to build capacity of the CDC National Comprehensive Cancer Control Program grant recipients and their coalitions to implement

policy, systems, and environmental change approaches and evidence-based promising practices in cancer prevention, screening, diagnostic follow-up, and survivorship. Training and technical assistance activities include webinars, online resources and toolkits, live presentations, consultations, forums, workshops, and linkages with CCC colleagues nationwide.

Comprehensive Cancer Control National Partnership (CCCNP)

Through coordination and collaboration, the CCCNP assists comprehensive cancer control (CCC) coalitions to develop and sustain implementation of comprehensive cancer control plans at the state, tribe/tribal organization, territory, US Pacific Island jurisdiction, and local levels.

The CCCNP was formed in 1998 as a collaborative group of diverse national organizations working together to build and strengthen CCC efforts across the nation. Today, the CCCNP is an influential group of 19 leading cancer organizations that utilize their combined strengths and resources to change the trajectory of the cancer burden in the US.

For more information or to request technical assistance for your comprehensive cancer control program or coalition efforts, contact:

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This survey brief was developed by the American Cancer Society and supported through funding from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Cooperative Agreement #6NU58DP006450. Survey brief content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the Department of Health and Human Services.